Analysis of building performance with reference to Eco Samhita 2018 in Indore

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Abstract - Till 14 Dec 2018 there was no code in India for energy performance of building. Rule related windows in building bye laws with respect to floor area were also outdated due to transformation in windows material and operating system. Hence there is a great scope to increase awareness about energy efficiency of building among common people, potential house owners and builders. Eco-niwas Samhita 2018 offers flexibility to Architects to design energy efficient building in their own way and explains to analyze building into only Four criteria which are WFR (op) meaning Openable window to floor area ratio, VLT value meaning Visual light transmittance with reference to window to wall area ratio (WWR), U value of Roof and RETV meaning Residential Envelope Transmittance Value. This paper discusses about these criteria with specific reference to one block of selected Apartment building Mapple Wood in Indore to verify its compliance with prescribed limit with respect to ENS code 2018. After analyzing these four criteria it was observed that Shading of Windows and insulation of top slab are two issues which need to be addressed scientifically at design stage to improve energy performance of building.

Keywords — Openable window to floor area ratio, Residential Envelope Transmittance Value, SHGC, U Roof, Visual light transmittance, window to wall area ratio.

I. INTRODUCTION

In India, there was no code for building envelope of residential buildings until the recently (14 December 2018) launched code, "Eco-Niwas Samhita 2018". In this code building envelope has been prepared to set minimum building envelope performance standards to limit heat gains for cooling dominated climates and to limit heat loss for heating dominated climates, as well as for ensuring adequate natural ventilation and day lighting potential. The code provides design flexibility to innovate and vary important envelope components such as wall type, window size and type of glazing and external shading to windows to meet the compliance.

The code sets minimum building envelope performance standard for adequate natural ventilation potential by specifying minimum openable window-to-floor area

ratio (WFRop) as 12.5%.

The code sets minimum building envelope performance standard for adequate daylight potential by specifying minimum visible light transmittance (VLT) for the

non-opaque building envelope components.

Maximum value of residential envelope transmittance value (RETV) for building envelope (except roof) applicable for composite climate is 15w/m² and maximum u value for roof specified as 1.2 w/m²

Maple Woods spreads across 15.67 acres. The site is located on a proposed 30 meters wide master plan road near Rau By-pass at Pipliya Kumar village road and connected to Dewas Naka. It is located in the northeast side of suburbs of Indore and is easily accessible to Vijay nagar, the new business district. Indore falls under composite zone.

II. METHODOLOGY

The performance of the building was verified against 4 criteria which are WFR (op), Visual light Transmittance with reference to window to wall area ratio, U value of slab and RETV value. Hence all these criteria will be calculated for selected building to cross check whether they fall in prescribed limits.



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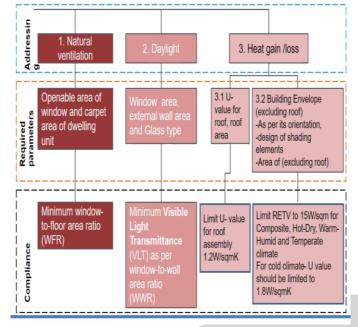


Figure	1:	Flow	chart	for	Methodology	
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Details of Floor Area								
Flat No.	Space	Length (m)	width(m)	Total Area (sqm)				
	Living	5.00	4.87	24.35				
	Kitchen	3.50	3.10	10.85				
	Dinning	6.00	3.42	20.52				
	Bed 1	3.35	3.96	13.27				
	Bed 2	3.35	3.96	13.27				
	Bed 3	3.65	4.57	16.68				
1&2	Bed 4	3.35	3. <mark>65</mark>	12.23				
1&2	Toilet 1	2.75	⊇1.5 <mark>0</mark>	4.13				
	Toilet 2	2.10	01.50	3.15				
	Toilet 3	2.28	1.29	2.94				
	Toilet 4	2.75	1.50	4.13				
	Dressing	2.59	1.40	3.63				
	store	0.84	1.07	0.90				
	Total of S	ingle unit		130.03				
	Total o	of 1 & 2		260.05				
		1		2				
	Living	5.00	4.80	24.00				
	Kitchen	3.58	3.12	11.17				
	Dinnnin g	7.00	3.50	24.50				
	Bed 1	3.30	3.96	13.07				
	Bed 2	3.60	4.57	16.45				
	Bed 3	3.30	3.66	12.08				
3&4	bed 4	3.30	4.42	14.59				
	Toilet 1	2.75	1.50	4.13				
	Toilet 2	2.10	1.50	3.15				
	Toilet 3	2.28	1.29	2.94				
	Toilet 4	2.75	1.50	4.13				
	Dressing	2.59	1.40	3.63				
	store	1.40	1.06	1.48				
		tal of Single		135.30				
		l of 3 & 4		270.61				
Tota	l floor area		l flats at a	530.66				

Schedule of Openable Areas								
Туре	Openin g area	Nos	Total opening area	Opening Percentage	Openable Area			
W1(living)	6.30	4	25.2	66	16.63			
W2(bed room)	3.15	4	12.6	50	6.30			
W3(bed rooms)	4.41	8	35.28	66	23.28			
W4	1.35	4	5.4	50	2.70			
W5	0.72	4	2.88	50	1.44			
V	0.54	12	6.48	90	5.83			
D	1.89	4	7.56	90	6.80			
		Total	l		62.99			
Openabl	Openable Window-to-Floor Area Ratio (WFR op)							
	(In terms of percentage)(%)							

Minimum WFR (op) should be minimum 12.5, hence this criteria does not comply with code.

Table 2: WINDOW TO WALL AREA RATIO

Ē	Apartment -Mapple Wood (Block A1) Nipaniya.							
	Details of window Details of wall							
	Wind ow Locat ion	Area of wind ows / doors (m ²)	Total Windo ws from all 10 floors	Total Area of Windows/ Doors	Length (m)	Height of all 10 floors (m)	Total Area (m²)	WW R
				North	n wall			
	Flat no. 1 and 3 bedr oom	3.15	20.00	63.00	32.55	31.80	1034.9	0.07
	Toile t venti lator	0.54	20.00	10.80				
ľ	Total	window area	/ door	73.80				
				East	wall			
çi	Flat no. 1,2, Livi ng	6.30	20.00	126.00				
	Flat no. 1,2 - Bed room s	4.41	40.00	176.40	29.57	31.80	940.33	0.32
	Total	window area	/ door	302.40				
				West	wall			
	Flat no. 3,4 , Livi ng	6.30	20.00	126.00	29.57	31.80	940.33	0.32
F	Flat	4.41	40.00	176.40				

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no. 3,4 - Bed roo ms							
Tota	l window area	/ door	302.40				
			South	Wall			
Flat no. 2 and 4 bedr oom	3.15	20.00	63.00	22.55	21.80	1024.0	0.07
Toile t venti lator	0.54	20.00	10.80	32.55	31.80	1034.9	0.07
Tota	Total window / door area		73.80				
Avera	ge WW	R of build	ing	=			0.79
	Total wall area A (envelope) 3950.5						

As 6mm single clear glass is used for this project with VLT of 0.85 whereas minimum VLT required for WWR 0.2 is 0.27. Hence VLT criteria comply with code.

Table 3: U VALUE CALCULATIONS

Details of U value calculation (Slab)								
Slab Layers	Thicknes s (m)	s Conductivity resist		Thermal resistance $(\mathbf{R} = t / k)$	U value (W/m ² K) (1/R)			
Inner color	0.004		0.040	0.100				
Inner Plaster	0.012		0.721	0.017				
Slab	0.150		1.580	0.095				
Outer Plaster	0.018		0.721	0.025				
Brickbat Coba	0.150		0.811	0.185				
Mortar	0.010		0.719	0.014				
Rse(extern al)	Refer note below			0.040				
Rsi(interna l)	Refer note below			0.170				
Total	0.344		4.592	0.645	1.549			

Note- Rse is exterior surface film thermal resistance and Rsi is interior surface film thermal resistance. Their values are obtained as per Annexure 5, page no 22, table no 6 of Eco Niwas Samhita 2018, referred from BEE 2009, Building Code user guide.

Details of U value calculation (Wall)								
Walling Layers	Thickness (m) (t)	Thermal Conductivity (W/m.K) (k)	Thermal resistance (R = t / k)	U value (W/m ² K) (1/R)				
Inner color	0.002	0.040	0.050					
Inner Cement Plaster	0.012	0.721	0.017					
Wall - Burnt ClayBrick (Density 1760 kg/m ³)	0.200	0.980	0.204					

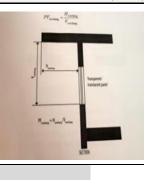
Outer Cement Plaster	0.018	0.721	0.025					
Outer Color	0.004	0.040	0.100					
Rse	Refer	note below	0.040					
Rsi	Refer	note below	0.130					
Total	0.236	2.502	0.566	1.768				
Total0.2362.5020.5661.768Note-Rse is exterior surface film thermal resistance and Rsi is interior surfacefilm thermal resistance.Their values are obtained as per Annexure 5, page no 22,table no 6 of Eco Niwas Samhita 2018, referred from BEE 2009, Building Codeuser guide.								

As U value of slab is 1.549 which is greater than 1.2 hence this criteria does not comply with code.

Table 4: RETV CALCULATIONS

	CALCULATION for term 1							
Orientation	Compo nent	Area (m ²) (A)	U Value(W/m ²) (B)	Orientation Factor(w) (C)	(AxBxC)			
	Brick	1034.						
North	wall	93	1.77	0.659	1207.175			
	Wood							
	Brick	1034.						
South	wall	93	1.77	0.966	1769.546			
	Wood							
	Brick	940.3						
East	wall	3	1.77	1.155	1922.355			
	Wood	16.17	2.91	1.155	54.348			
	Brick	940.3						
West	wall	3	1.77	1.156	1924.020			
	Wood	16.17	2.91	1.156	54.395			
	Tot	al (term 1	.)		6931.83			

CALCULATION for term 2								
Orientatio n	Compone nt	Area (m ²) (A)	U Value(W/m ²) (B)	Orient ation Factor (u) (C)	(AxBxC)			
North	windows	73.80	5.64	0.659	274.297			
South	windows	73.80	5.64	0.966	402.080			
East	windows	302.40	5.64	1.155	1969.894			
West	windows	302.40	5.64	1.156	1971.600			
	4617.871							



CALCULATION OF SHGC PF overhang =

H overhang / V overhang =0.45/1.2= 0.375

(Note- From PF overhang SHGC is obtained from table 11, page 31, Econiwas Samhita 18)

Figure 2: Projection Factor



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CALCULATION for term 3								
Orientation	Component	Area (m ²) (A)	Equivalent SHGC (B)	Orientation Factor(m) (C)	(AxBxC)			
North	windows	73.80	0.86	0.659	41.825			
South	windows	73.80	0.754	0.966	53.753			
East	windows	302.40	0.797	1.155	278.370			
West	windows	302.40	0.796	1.156	278.261			
	652.210							

and RETV do not match with the prescribed limit ENS code. Out of these three criteria WFR (op) is very near to the prescribed limit. To fulfill other two criteria insulation treatment to roof and proper shading of windows are recommended so that value of RETV can be achieved below 15 in order to prevent excess heat gain inside the building and in turn reduce mechanical cooling load.

Calculated

11.87

85

1.55

24.19

Criteria

by Code

Maximum

Minimum

Maximum

Maximum

12.5

27

1.2

15

Status

Non-

Compliant

Compliant

Compliant

Compliant

Non-

Non-

Remark

11.87 < 12.5

85 > 27

1.55 > 1.2

24.19 > 15

Requirement

WFR (op)

VLT %

U roof

RETV

Sr

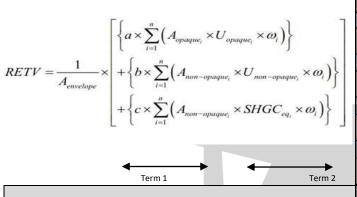
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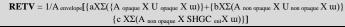
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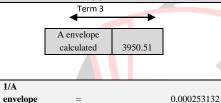
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3

4







Calculation considering values of constants a, b, c for composite climate

Constant	Value of Constant (1)	Output of term 1,2,3 (2)	(1) x (2)			Remark	
а	6.06	6931.838994	42006.9443		43	Term 1	
b	1.85	4617.870696	8543.060788		88	Term 2	
с	68.99	652.2096816	44995.94593		93	Term 3	
Total (term 1+term2+term3)				95545.95102		(Addition of all terms)	٤I
RETV	=	0.000253132		х		95545.95102	

RETV =	24.186
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As the value of RETV is 24.18 w/m² which is greater than 15w/m² hence this criteria of code is not complied.

III. CONCUSION

Thus with reference to the building analyzed it was clear that value of VLT is with in prescribed limit of ENS code hence this criteria is complaint but except VLT all other 3 criteria which are WFR (op), U Roof



Figure 3: Typical Floor Plan, Mapple Wood, Indore

only 1 out of 4 criteria are compliant and 3 does not comply with ENS Code 2018

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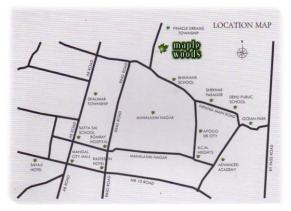


Figure 4: Location Map Mapple Wood, Indore



Figure 5: Mapple Wood, Indore

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